# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

**2018 REGULAR SESSION** 

### **Enrolled**

## **Committee Substitute**

for

## Senate Bill 499

SENATORS MARONEY, CLEMENTS, PREZIOSO, STOLLINGS, TAKUBO,
PLYMALE, CLINE, AND JEFFRIES, *original sponsors*[Passed March 7, 2018; in effect 90 days from passage]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §30-3-10 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
to the licensing by the Board of Medicine; clarifying certain requirements to obtain
licensure; reorganizing the minimum licensing requirements for a license; and providing
the completion of a certain amount of graduate clinical training.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

#### §30-3-10. Licenses to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry.

- 1 (a) A person seeking licensure as an allopathic physician shall apply to the board.
- 2 (b) A license may be granted to an applicant who has graduated and received the degree
- 3 of doctor of medicine or its equivalent from a school of medicine located within the United States,
- 4 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada and which is approved by the Liaison Committee
- 5 on Medical Education or by the board and who:
- 6 (1) Submits a complete application;
- 7 (2) Pays the applicable fees;
- 8 (3) Demonstrates to the board's satisfaction that the applicant:
- 9 (A) Is of good moral character;

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- 10 (B) Is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of medicine and surgery:
- 11 (C) Has, within 10 consecutive years, passed all component parts of the United States
  12 Medical Licensing Examination or any prior examination or examination series approved by the
  13 board which relates to a national standard, is administered in the English language, and is
  14 designed to ascertain an applicant's fitness to practice medicine and surgery;
  - (D) Has successfully completed a minimum of one year of graduate clinical training in a program which is approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education; and
  - (E) Meets any other criteria for licensure set forth in this article or in rules promulgated by the board pursuant to §30-3-7 of this code and in accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code.

19	(c) A license may be granted to an applicant who has received the degree of doctor of
20	medicine or its equivalent from a school of medicine located outside of the United States, the
21	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and Canada who:
22	(1) Submits a complete application;
23	(2) Pays the applicable fees;
24	(3) Demonstrates to the board's satisfaction that the applicant:
25	(A) Is of good moral character;
26	(B) Is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of medicine and surgery;
27	(C) Has, within 10 consecutive years, passed all component parts of the United States
28	Medical Licensing Examination or any prior examination or examination series approved by the
29	board which relates to a national standard, is administered in the English language, and is
30	designed to ascertain an applicant's fitness to practice medicine and surgery;
31	(D) Has successfully completed:
32	(i) A minimum of two years of graduate clinical training which is approved by the
33	Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education; or
34	(ii) A minimum of one year of graduate clinical training which is approved by the
35	Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education and the applicant holds a current
36	certification by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties;
37	(E) Holds a valid ECFMG certificate issued by the Educational Commission for Foreign
38	Medical Graduates; or
39	(i) Holds a full, unrestricted, and unconditional license to practice medicine and surgery
40	under the laws of another state, the District of Columbia, Canada, or the Commonwealth of Puerto
41	Rico;
42	(ii) Has been engaged in the practice of medicine on a full-time professional basis within
13	the state or jurisdiction where the applicant is fully licensed for a period of at least five years: and

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requirement; and

44	(iii) Is not the subject of any pending disciplinary action by a medical licensing board and
45	has not been the subject of professional discipline reportable to the National Practitioner Data
46	Bank by a medical licensing board in any jurisdiction;
47	(F) Can communicate in the English language; and
48	(G) Meets any other criteria for licensure set forth in this article or in rules promulgated by
49	the board pursuant to §30-3-7 of this code and in accordance with §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code.
50	(d) A person seeking licensure as a podiatrist shall apply to the board. A license may be
51	granted to an applicant who:
52	(1) Submits a complete application;
53	(2) Pays the applicable fees;
54	(3) Demonstrates to the board's satisfaction that the applicant:
55	(A) Is of good moral character;
56	(B) Is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of podiatric medicine
57	and surgery;
58	(C) Has graduated and received the degree of doctor of podiatric medicine or its equivalent
59	from a school of podiatric medicine which is approved by the Council of Podiatric Medical
60	Education or by the board;
61	(D) Has, within 10 consecutive years, passed all component parts of the American
62	Podiatric Medical Licensing Examination, or any prior examination or examination series
63	approved by the board which relates to a national standard, is administered in the English
64	language, and is designed to ascertain an applicant's fitness to practice podiatric medicine;
65	(E) Has successfully completed a minimum of one year of graduate clinical training in a
66	program approved by the Council on Podiatric Medical Education or the Colleges of Podiatric
67	Medicine. The board may consider a minimum of two years of graduate podiatric clinical training
68	in the United States armed forces or three years' private podiatric clinical experience in lieu of this

- 70 (F) Meets any other reasonable criteria for licensure set forth in this article or in legislative 71 rules promulgated by the board.
  - (e) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this article, the board may issue a restricted license to an applicant in extraordinary circumstances under the following conditions:
  - (1) Upon a finding by the board that based on the applicant's exceptional education, training, and practice credentials, the applicant's practice in the state would be beneficial to the public welfare;
  - (2) Upon a finding by the board that the applicant's education, training, and practice credentials are substantially equivalent to the requirements of licensure established in this article;
  - (3) Upon a finding by the board that the applicant received his or her post-graduate medical training outside of the United States and its territories;
  - (4) That the restricted license issued under extraordinary circumstances is approved by a vote of three fourths of the members of the board; and
  - (5) That orders denying applications for a restricted license under this subsection are not appealable.
  - (f) The board may propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code that establish and regulate the restricted license issued to an applicant in extraordinary circumstances pursuant to the provisions of this section.
  - (g) Personal interviews by board members of all applicants are not required. An applicant for a license may be required by the board, in its discretion, to appear for a personal interview and may be required to produce original documents for review by the board.
  - (h) All licenses to practice medicine and surgery granted prior to July 1, 2008, and valid on that date shall continue in full effect for the term and under the conditions provided by law at the time of the granting of the license: *Provided*, That the provisions of §30-3-10(d) of this code do not apply to any person legally entitled to practice chiropody or podiatry in this state prior to June 11, 1965: *Provided, however*. That all persons licensed to practice chiropody prior to June

- 11, 1965, are permitted to use the term "chiropody-podiatry" and shall have the rights, privileges, and responsibilities of a podiatrist set out in this article.
- (i) The board may not issue a license to a person not previously licensed in West Virginia whose license has been revoked or suspended in another state until reinstatement of his or her license in that state.
- (j) The board need not reject a candidate for a nonmaterial technical or administrative error or omission in the application process that is unrelated to the candidate's professional qualifications as long as there is sufficient information available to the board to determine the eligibility and qualifications of the candidate for licensure.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.
Chairman, Senate Committee
Chairman, House Committee
Originated in the Senate.
In effect 90 days from passage.
Clerk of the Senate
Clerk of the House of Delegates
President of the Senate
Speaker of the House of Delegates
The within this the
Day of, 2018.
Governor